



Installation manual Manuel d'installation Manual de instalación

MODELS

2MXS18NMVJU 2MXS18NMVJUA

Contents

Safety Considerations	1	3. Refrigerant Piping	
Accessories	3	Pressure test and evacuating system Refilling refrigerant	
Precautions for Selecting the Location		Charging with refrigerant Refrigerant piping work Flaring the pipe end	11
Outdoor Unit Installation Drawings		Wiring	
Connections (connection port)	5	Priority Room Setting	. 14
How to Use Reducers	6	Night Quiet Mode setting	15
Installation Guidelines	7	COOL/ HEAT mode lock <s15></s15>	. 15
Selecting a Location for Installation of the Indoor Units	7	Pump Down Operation	16
		Trial Operation and Testing	. 17
Outdoor Unit Installation	8	Wiring error check	17
Installing the outdoor unit	8	Trial operation and testing	
2. Drain work	8	3. Test items	18

Safety Considerations

Read these **Safety Considerations for Installation** carefully before installing an air conditioner or heat pump. After completing the installation, make sure that the unit operates properly during the startup operation.

Instruct the user on how to operate and maintain the unit. Inform users that they should store this installation manual with the operation manual for future reference.

Always use a licensed installer or contractor to install this product. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electric shock, fire, or explosion.

Meanings of **DANGER**, **WARNING**, **CAUTION**, and **NOTE** Symbols:

MARNING Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

MARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Marning Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTE Indicates situations that may result in equipment or property-damage

/ DANGER

Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen.
 A massive leak can lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death.

accidents only.

 Do not ground units to water pipes, gas pipes, telephone wires, or lightning rods as incomplete grounding can cause a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Additionally, grounding to gas pipes could cause a gas leak and potential explosion causing severe injury or death.

- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation, ventilate the area immediately. Refrigerant gas may produce toxic gas if it comes into contact with fire. Exposure to this gas could cause severe injury or death.
- After completing the installation work, check that the refrigerant gas does not leak throughout the system.
- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosions that can cause serious injury or death.
- Safely dispose all packing and transportation materials in accordance with federal/state/local laws or ordinances. Packing materials such as nails and other metal or wood parts, including plastic packing materials used for transportation may cause injuries or death by suffocation.

WARNING -

- Only qualified personnel must carry out the installation work. Installation must be done in accordance with this installation manual. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- When installing the unit in a small room, take measures to keep the refrigerant concentration from exceeding allowable safety limits. Excessive refrigerant leaks, in the event of an accident in a closed ambient space, can lead to oxygen deficiency.
- Use only specified accessories and parts for installation work. Failure to use specified parts may result in water leakage, electric shock, fire, or the unit falling.
- Install the air conditioner or heat pump on a foundation strong enough that it can withstand the weight of the unit. A foundation of insufficient strength may result in the unit falling and causing injuries.
- Take into account strong winds, typhoons, or earthquakes when installing. Improper installation may result in the unit falling and causing accidents.

- Make sure that a separate power supply circuit is provided for this unit and that all electrical work is carried out by qualified personnel according to local, state, and national regulations. An insufficient power supply capacity or improper electrical construction may lead to electric shock or fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is secured, that specified wires are used, and that no external forces act on the terminal connections or wires. Improper connections or installation may result in fire.
- When wiring, position the wires so that the electrical wiring box cover can be securely fastened. Improper positioning of the electrical wiring box cover may result in electric shock, fire, or the terminals overheating.
- · Before touching electrical parts, turn off the unit.
- The circuit must be protected with safety devices in accordance with local and national codes, i.e. a circuit breaker.
- Securely fasten the outdoor unit terminal cover (panel). If the terminal cover/panel is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit causing fire or electric shock.
- When installing or relocating the system, keep the refrigerant circuit free from substances other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) such as air. Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit can cause an abnormal pressure rise or rupture, resulting in injury.
- Do not change the setting of the protection devices. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by Daikin are used, fire or explosion may occur.

CAUTION -

- Do not touch the switch with wet fingers. Touching a switch with wet fingers can cause electric shock.
- Do not allow children to play on or around the unit to prevent injury.
- The heat exchanger fins are sharp enough to cut. To avoid injury wear gloves or cover the fins while working around them.
- Do not touch the refrigerant pipes during and immediately
 after operation as the refrigerant pipes may be hot or
 cold, depending on the condition of the refrigerant flowing
 through the refrigerant piping, compressor, and other
 refrigerant cycle parts. Your hands may suffer burns or
 frostbite if you touch the refrigerant pipes. To avoid injury,
 give the pipes time to return to normal temperature or, if
 you must touch them, be sure to wear proper gloves.
- Install drain piping to ensure proper drainage. Improper drain piping may result in water leakage and property damage.
- · Insulate piping to prevent condensation.
- Be careful when transporting the product.
- Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping operation. Always wait for at least 5 minutes before turning off the power. Otherwise, water leakage may occur.
- Do not use a charging cylinder. Using a charging cylinder may cause the refrigerant to deteriorate.
- Refrigerant R410A in the system must be kept clean, dry, and tight.
 - (a) Clean and Dry -- Foreign materials (including mineral oils such as SUNISO oil or moisture) should be prevented from getting into the system.

- (b) Tight -- R410A does not contain any chlorine, does not destroy the ozone layer, and does not reduce the earth's protection again harmful ultraviolet radiation. R410A can contribute to the greenhouse effect if it is released. Therefore take proper measures to check for the tightness of the refrigerant piping installation. Read the chapter Refrigerant Piping Work and follow the procedures.
- Since R410A is a blend, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in a state of gas, its composition can change and the system will not work properly.
- The indoor unit is for R410A. See the catalog for indoor models that can be connected. Normal operation is not possible when connected to other units.
- Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting distance can be shorter than expected in rooms with electronic fluorescent lamps (inverter or rapid start types). Install the indoor unit far away from fluorescent lamps as much as possible.
- Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor units can be installed either outdoors or indoors.
- Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the following locations:
 - (a) Where a mineral oil mist or oil spray or vapor is produced, for example, in a kitchen.Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or result in water leakage.
 - (b) Where corrosive gas, such as sulfurous acid gas, is produced. Corroding copper pipes or soldered parts may result in refrigerant leakage.
 - (c) Near machinery emitting electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the operation of the control system and cause the unit to malfunction.
 - (d) Where flammable gas may leak, where there is carbon fiber, or ignitable dust suspension in the air, or where volatile flammables such as thinner or gasoline are handled. Operating the unit in such conditions can cause a fire.
- Take adequate measures to prevent the outdoor unit from being used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals making contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke, or fire. Instruct the user to keep the area around the unit clean.

№ NOTE

- The outdoor unit should be positioned where the unit and power supply wires (breaker panel to outdoor unit) are at least 10ft (3m) away from any televisions or radios. (The unit may cause interference with the picture or sound.) Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 10ft (3m) may not be sufficient to eliminate the noise.
- Dismantling the unit, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and additional parts must be done in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.
- Do not use the following tools that are used with conventional refrigerants: gauge manifold, charge hose, gas leak detector, reverse flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, or refrigerant recovery equipment.
- If the conventional refrigerant and refrigerator oil are mixed in R410A, the refrigerant may deteriorate.
- This air conditioner or heat pump is an appliance that should not be accessible to the general public.
- As design pressure is 604 psi, the wall thickness of fieldinstalled pipes should be selected in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.

RN003-U

Accessories

Accessories supplied with the outdoor unit:

(A) Installation manual		B Drain socket		© Drain cap (1)	
	1				6
		It is on the bottom packing case.			
D Drain cap (2)		E Reducer assy			
	3				

Precautions for Selecting the Location

- 1) Choose a place solid enough to bear the weight and vibration of the unit, where the operating sound will not be amplified.
- 2) Choose a location where the hot air discharged from the unit or the operating sound will not cause a nuisance to the neighbors of the user.
- 3) Avoid places near a bedroom and the like, so that the operating sound will cause no trouble.
- 4) There must be sufficient spaces for carrying the unit into and out of the site.
- 5) There must be sufficient space for air passage and no obstructions around the air inlet and the air outlet.
- 6) The site must be free from the possibility of flammable gas leakage in a nearby place.
- 7) Install units, power cords, and inter-unit wires at least 10ft (3m) from television and radio sets. (This is to prevent interference to images and sounds. Noise may be experienced even if they are more than 10ft (3m) away depending on radio wave conditions.)
- 8) In coastal areas or other places with salty atmosphere or one containing sulphate gas, corrosion may shorten the life of the air conditioner.
- 9) Since water will flow from the drain of the outdoor unit, do not place under the unit anything which must be kept away from moisture.

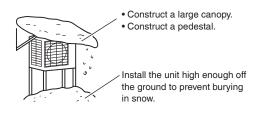
NOTE

Cannot be installed suspended from ceiling or stacked.



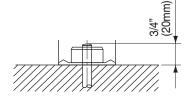
When operating the air conditioner in a low outdoor ambient temperature, be sure to follow the instructions described below.

- To prevent exposure to wind, install the outdoor unit with its suction side facing the wall.
- Never install the outdoor unit at a site where the suction side may be exposed directly to wind.
- To prevent exposure to wind, it is recommended to install a baffle plate on the air discharge side of the outdoor unit.
- In heavy snowfall areas, select an installation site where the snow will not affect the unit.



Precautions on Installation

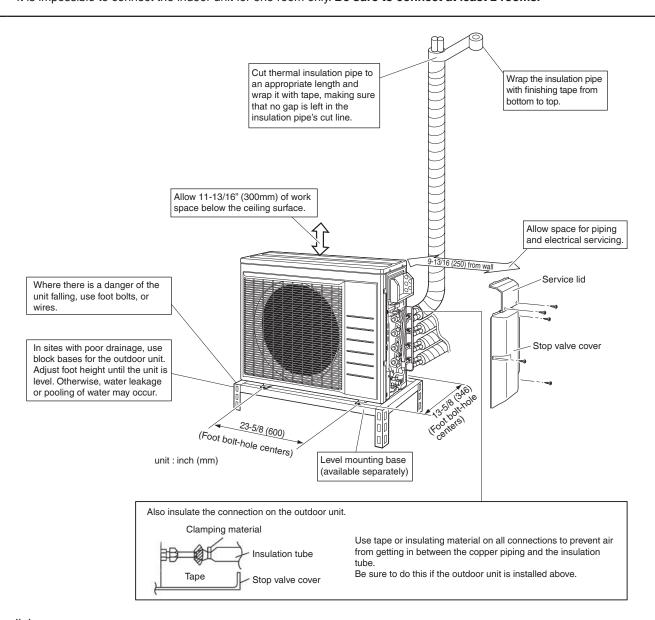
- Check the strength and level of the installation surface so that the unit does not cause any operating vibration or noise after installation.
- In accordance with the foundation drawing, fix the unit securely by means of the foundation bolts. (Prepare 4 sets of M12 foundation bolts, nuts and washers; all separately available.)
- It is best to screw in the foundation bolts until their ends are 3/4 inch (20mm) from the foundation surface.



Outdoor Unit Installation Drawings

↑ CAUTION

- Do not connect the embedded branch piping and the outdoor unit when only carrying out piping work without connecting the indoor unit in order to add another indoor unit later.
 - Make sure no dirt or moisture gets into either side of the embedded branch piping.
 - Refer to "7. Refrigerant Piping Work" on page 11 for details.
- It is impossible to connect the indoor unit for one room only. Be sure to connect at least 2 rooms.



Connections (connection port)

Install the indoor unit according to the table below, which shows the relationship between the class of indoor unit and the corresponding port.

The total indoor unit class that can be connected to this unit:

2MXS18* - Up to 24000 Btu

3MXS24* - Up to 39000 Btu

4MXS36* - Up to 48000 Btu

The line set piping size is determined by the size of the indoor unit fittings.

Reducers are used at the outdoor unit to accommodate the correct gas line pipe size.

Port	2MXS18*	3MXS24*	4MXS36*
А	07, 09, 12	07, 09, 12	07, 09, 12
В	# # # # 15 15 15 The state of t	# # # 15 , 18 To 17 , 18 To 18	# # # # 15 , 18
С		# # # 15 , 18 To 17 , 18	# # # # 15 , 18
D			$ \stackrel{\triangle}{07}, \stackrel{\triangle}{09}, \stackrel{\triangle}{12}, \stackrel{\square}{15}, \stackrel{\square}{18}, 24 $

: Use a reducer to connect pipes.

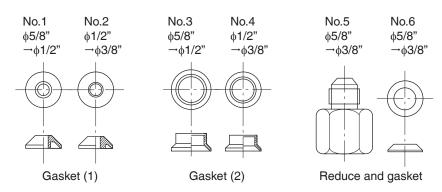
: Use No. 2 and 4 reducers

\(\triangle \) : Use No. 5 and 6 reducers

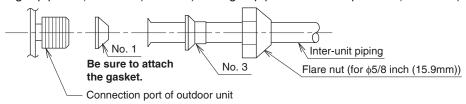
□ : Use No. 1 and 3 reducers

Refer to "How to Use Reducers" on page 6 for information on reducer numbers and their shapes.

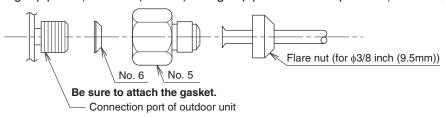
How to Use Reducers



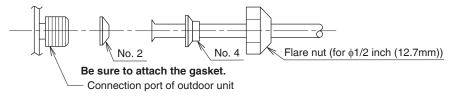
- Use the reducers supplied with the unit as described below.
 - (1) Connecting a pipe of ϕ 1/2 inch (12.7mm) to a gas pipe connection port for ϕ 5/8 inch (15.9mm) :



(2) Connecting a pipe of $\phi 3/8$ inch (9.5mm) to a gas pipe connection port for $\phi 5/8$ inch (15.9mm) :



(3) Connecting a pipe of ϕ 3/8 inch (9.5mm) to a gas pipe connection port for ϕ 1/2 inch (12.7mm) :

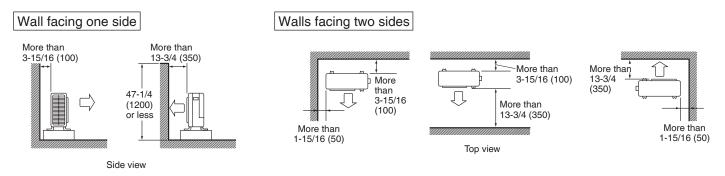


- When using the reducer packing shown above, be careful not to overtighten the nut, or the smaller pipe may be damaged.
- Apply a coat of refrigeration oil to the threaded connection port of the outdoor unit where the flare nut comes in.
- Use an appropriate wrench to avoid damaging the connection thread by overtightening the flare nut.

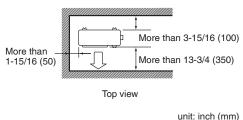
Flare nut tightening torque					
φ3/8 inch (9.5mm) 24-1/8 − 29-1/2ft • lbf (32.7-39.9N • m)					
φ1/2 inch (12.7mm)	36-1/2 - 44-1/2ft • lbf (49.5-60.3N • m)				
φ5/8 inch (15.9mm)	45-5/8 - 55-5/8ft • lbf (61.8-75.4N • m)				

Installation Guidelines

- Where a wall or other obstacle is in the path of outdoor unit's intake or exhaust airflow, follow the installation guidelines below.
- For any of the below installation patterns, the wall height on the outlet side should be 47-1/4 inch (1200mm) or less.



Walls facing three sides

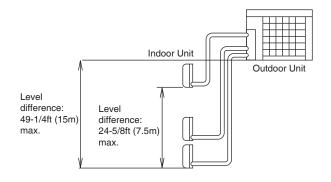


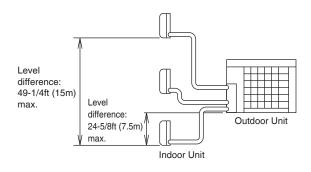
unit: inch (mm)

Selecting a Location for Installation of the Indoor Units

• The maximum allowable length of refrigerant piping, and the maximum allowable height difference between the outdoor and indoor units, are listed below. (The shorter the refrigerant piping, the better the performance. Connect so that the piping is as short as possible. Shortest allowable length per room is 10ft (3m).)

Outdoor unit capacity class	2MXS18* 3MXS24*, 4MXS36*			
Piping to each indoor unit	82ft (25m) max.			
Total length of piping between all units	164ft (50m) max.	230ft (70m) max.		





If the outdoor unit is positioned higher than the indoor units.

If the outdoor unit is positioned lower than one or more of the indoor units.

Outdoor Unit Installation

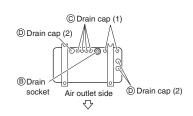
1. Installing the outdoor unit

- 1) When installing the outdoor unit, refer to "Precautions for Selecting the Location" on page 3 and the "Outdoor Unit Installation Drawings" on page 4.
- 2) If drain work is necessary, follow the procedures below.

2. Drain work

- If the drain port is covered by a mounting base or floor surface, place additional foot bases of at least 1-1/4 inch (30mm) in height under the outdoor unit's feet.
- In cold areas, do not use a drain socket, drain caps (1,2) and a drain hose with the outdoor unit. (Otherwise, the drain water may freeze, impairing heating performance.)
- 1) Attach © drain cap (1) and ® drain cap (2).
- 2) Attach (B) drain socket.

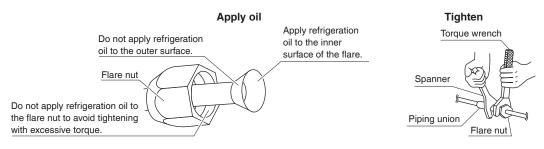
3. Refrigerant Piping





↑ CAUTION

- · Use the flare nut fixed to the main unit. (This is to prevent cracking of the flare nut as a result of deterioration over time.)
- To prevent gas leakage, apply refrigeration oil only to the inner surface of the flare. (Use refrigeration oil for R410A.)
- Use a torque wrench when tightening the flare nuts to prevent damage to the flare nuts and gas leakage.
- Align the centers of both flares and tighten the flare nuts 3 or 4 turns by hand. Then tighten them fully with a spanner and a torque wrench.



Flare nut tightening torque					
φ1/4 inch (6.4mm)	10-1/2 - 12-3/4ft • lbf (14.2-17.2N • m)				
φ3/8 inch (9.5mm)	24-1/8 – 29-1/2ft • lbf (32.7-39.9N • m)				
φ1/2 inch (12.7mm)	36-1/2 – 44-1/2ft • lbf (49.5-60.3N • m)				
φ5/8 inch (15.9mm)	45-5/8 – 55-5/8ft • lbf (61.8-75.4N • m)				

Width across flats	11/16 inch (17mm)	3/4 inch (19mm)	7/8 inch (22mm)	1-1/16 inch (27mm)
Valve cap tightening torque	10-1/2 – 12-5/8ft • lbf	12-5/8 – 15-3/8ft • lbf	16-20-1/4ft • lbf	35-3/8 – 44-1/8ft • lbf
	(14.2-17.2N • m)	(17.1-20.9N • m)	(21.6-27.4N • m)	(48-59.8N • m)

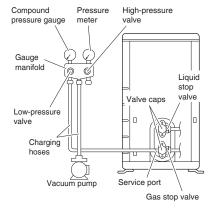
Service port cap tightening torque	8-10-7/8ft • lbf (10.8-14.7N • m)
------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

Outdoor Unit Installation

4. Pressure test and evacuating system

↑ WARNING

- Do not mix any substance other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) into the refrigeration cycle.
- · If refrigerant gas leaks should occur, ventilate the room as soon and as much as possible.
- R410A, as well as other refrigerants, should always be recovered and never be released directly into the environment.
- Use a vacuum pump for R410A exclusively. Using the same vacuum pump for different refrigerants may damage the vacuum pump or the unit.
- When piping work is complete, it is necessary to perform a pressure test and evacuate system with a vacuum pump.
- If using additional refrigerant, perform air purging of the refrigerant pipes and indoor unit using a vacuum pump, then charge additional refrigerant.
- Use a hexagonal wrench (3/16 inch (4mm)) to operate the stop valve rod.
- All refrigerant pipe joints should be tightened with a torque wrench to the specified tightening torque.



- 1) Pressurize the liquid pipe and gas pipe from the service ports of each stop valve to 550psi (3.8MPa) (do not pressurize more than 550psi (3.8MPa)) for 1 hour minimum, 24 hours recommended. If there is a pressure drop, check for leaks, make repairs and perform the pressure test again.
- 2) Connect projection side of charging hose (which comes from gauge manifold) to gas stop valve's service port.
- 3) Fully open gauge manifold's low-pressure valve (Lo) and completely close its high-pressure valve (Hi). (High-pressure valve subsequently requires no operation.)
- 4) Evacuate system using vacuum pump to below 500 microns for 1 hour minimum.
- 5) Close gauge manifold's low-pressure valve (Lo) and stop vacuum pump. (Leave as is for 4-5 minutes and make sure the coupling meter needle does not go back. If it does go back, this may indicate the presence of moisture or leaking from connecting parts. After inspecting all the connection and loosening then retightening the nuts, repeat steps 3-5.)
- 6) Remove covers from liquid stop value and gas stop valve.
- 7) Turn the liquid stop valve's rod 90° counter-clockwise with a hexagonal wrench to open the valve. Close it after 5 seconds, and check for gas leakage. Using soapy water, check for gas leakage from indoor unit's flare and outdoor unit's flare and valve rods. After the check is complete, wipe all soapy water off.
- 8) Disconnect charging hose from gas stop valve's service port, then fully open liquid and gas stop valves. (Do not attempt to turn valve rod beyond its stop.)
- 9) Tighten valve caps and service port caps for the liquid and gas stop valves with a torque wrench to the specified torques. Refer to "3. Refrigerant Piping" on page 8 for details.

5. Refilling refrigerant

Check the type of refrigerant to be used on the machine nameplate.

Precautions when adding R410A

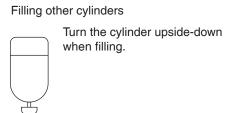
Fill from the liquid pipe in liquid form.

This is a mixed refrigerant, so adding it in gas form may cause the refrigerant composition to change, preventing normal operation.

1) Before filling, check whether the cylinder has a siphon attached or not. (It should have something like "liquid filling siphon attached" displayed on it.)

Stand the cylinder upright when filling.

There is a siphon pipe inside, so the cylinder need not be upside-down to fill with liquid.



• Be sure to use the R410A tools to ensure pressure and to prevent foreign objects entering.

6. Charging with refrigerant

• If the total length of piping for all rooms exceeds the figure listed below, additionally charge with 0.21oz/ft (20g/m) of refrigerant (R410A) for each additional piping length.

Outdoor unit capacity class	2MXS18*	3MXS24*, 4MXS36*
Total length of piping for all rooms	98-3/8ft (30m)	131-5/8ft (40m)

⚠ CAUTION

Even though the stop valve is fully closed, the refrigerant may slowly leak out; do not leave the flare nut removed for a long period of time.

Outdoor Unit Installation

7. Refrigerant piping work

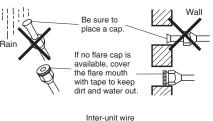
7-1. Cautions on pipe handling

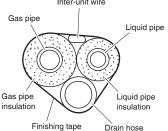
- Protect the open end of the pipe against dust and moisture.
- All pipe bends should be as gentle as possible. Use a pipe bender for bending.

7-2. Selection of copper and heat insulation materials

When using commercial copper pipes and fittings, observe the following:

- Insulation material: Polyethylene foam
 Heat transfer rate: 0.041 to 0.052W/mK (0.024 to 0.030Btu/fth°F (0.035 to 0.045kcal/mh°C))
 - Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems.
- Be sure to insulate both the gas and liquid piping and observe the insulation dimensions as below.





	Piping size	Minimum bend radius	Piping thickness	Thermal insulation size	Thermal insulation thickness
	O.D. 3/8 inch (9.5mm)	1-3/16 inch (30mm) or more	0.031 inch (0.8mm) I.D. 15/32-19/32 inch (12-15mm)		
Gas side			(C1220T-O)	I.D. 9/16-5/8 inch (14-16mm)	13/32 inch
	O.D. 5/8 inch (15.9mm)	1-15/16 inch (50mm) or more	0.039 inch (1.0mm) (C1220T-O)	I.D. 5/8-13/16 inch (16-20mm)	(10mm) Min.
Liquid side	O.D. 1/4 inch (6.4mm)	1-3/16 inch (30mm) or more	0.031 inch (0.8mm) (C1220T-O)	I.D. 5/16-13/32 inch (8-10mm)	

• Use separate thermal insulation pipes for gas and liquid refrigerant pipes.

8. Flaring the pipe end

- 1) Cut the pipe end with a pipe cutter.
- Remove burrs with the cut surface facing downward so that the chips do not enter the pipe.
- 3) Put the flare nut on the pipe.
- 4) Flare the pipe.
- 5) Check that the flaring is properly made.



Flaring ————————————————————————————————————					
Flare tool for R410A Conventional flare tool					
		Clutch-type	Clutch-type (Rigid-type)	Wing-nut type (Imperial-type)	
Die	Α	0-0.020 inch (0-0.5mm)	0.039-0.059 inch (1.0-1.5mm)	0.059-0.079 inch (1.5-2.0mm)	

<u>∧</u> WARNING •

- Do not use mineral oil on flared part.
- Prevent mineral oil from getting into the system as this would reduce the lifetime of the units.
- Never use piping which has been used for previous installations. Only use parts which are delivered with the unit.
- Never install a drier to this R410A unit in order to guarantee its lifetime.
- The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.
- Incomplete flaring may cause refrigerant gas leakage.

Wiring

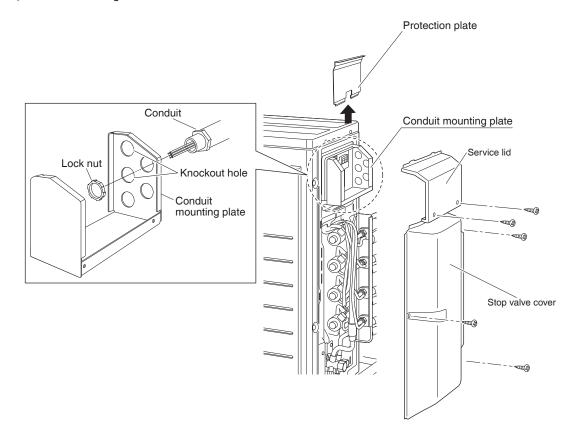
↑ WARNING

- Do not use tapped wires, extension cords, or starburst connections, as they may cause overheating, electrical shock, or fire.
- Do not use locally purchased electrical parts inside the product. (Do not branch the power for the drain pump, etc., from the terminal block.) Doing so may cause electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to install a ground fault circuit interrupter. (One that can handle higher harmonics.)

 (This unit uses an inverter, which means that a ground fault circuit interrupter capable of handling harmonics must be used in order to prevent any malfunction of the ground fault circuit interrupter itself.)
- Use an all-pole disconnection type circuit breaker with at least 1/8 inch (3mm) between the contact point gaps.
- When carrying out wiring connection, take care not to pull at the conduit.
- Do not connect the power wire to the indoor unit. Doing so may cause electric shock or fire.
- Do not turn on the circuit breaker until all work is completed.

<Method of Mounting Conduit>

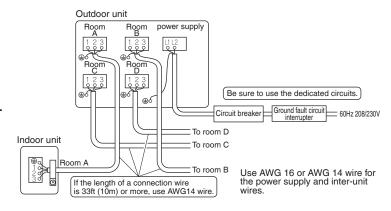
- When connecting indoor units for 3 rooms or more, open knockout holes without deforming the conduit mounting plate.
- 1) Dismount the service lid by removing the 2 screws.
- 2) Slide the protection plate up and remove it.
- 3) Pass wires through the conduit and secure them with a lock nut.

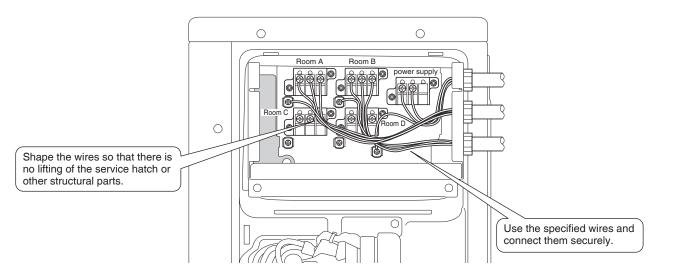


Wiring

<Wiring procedure>

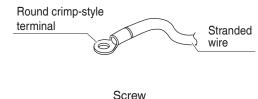
- 1) Strip the insulation from the wire (3/4inch (20mm)).
- 2) Connect the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units so that the terminal numbers match. Tighten the terminal screws securely. We recommend a flathead screwdriver be used to tighten the screws.
- 3) Be sure to match the symbols for wiring and piping.
- 4) Pull the wire lightly to make sure that it does not disconnect.
- 5) Pass the wiring through the cutout on the bottom of the protection plate and attach the protection plate.
- 6) After completing the work, reattach the service lid to its original position.



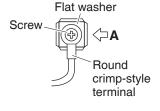


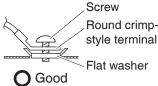
↑ CAUTION

 Precautions to be taken for power supply wiring. When using stranded wires, make sure to use the round crimp-style terminal for connection to the power supply terminal block.



Flat washer

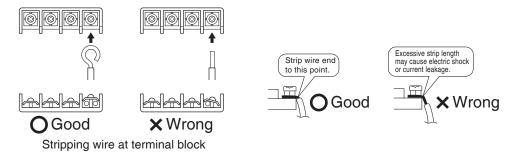






Arrow view A

• When connecting the inter-unit wires to the terminal block using a single core wire, be sure to curl the end of the lead. Improper work may cause heat and fires.



Ground

This air conditioner must be grounded. For grounding, follow all local, and state electrical codes.

Priority Room Setting

To use Priority Room Setting, initial settings must be made when the unit is installed. Explain the Priority Room Setting, as
described below, to the customer, and confirm whether or not the customer wants to use Priority Room Setting.
 Setting it in the guest and living rooms is convenient.

About the Priority Room Setting function

The indoor unit for which Priority Room Setting is applied takes priority in the following cases.

1) Operation mode priority

The operation mode of the indoor unit which is set for Priority Room Setting takes priority. If the set indoor unit is operating, all other indoor units do not operate and enter standby mode, according to the operation mode of the set indoor unit.

2) Priority during powerful operation

If the indoor unit which is set for Priority Room Setting is operating at powerful, the capabilities of other indoor units will be somewhat reduced. Power supply gives priority to the indoor unit which is set for Priority Room Setting.

3) Quiet operation priority

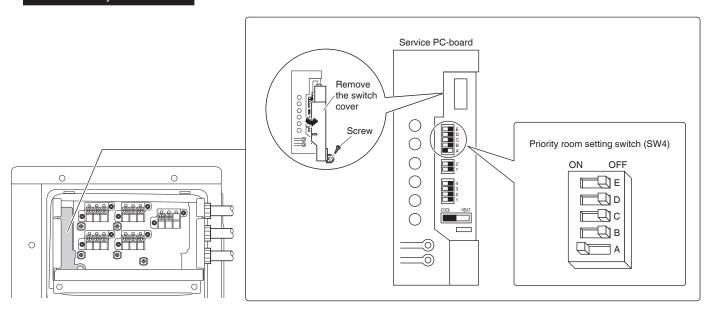
Setting the indoor unit to quiet operation will make the outdoor unit run quietly.

Setting procedure

Slide the switch to the on side for the switch that corresponds to the piping connected to the indoor unit to be set. (In the figure below, it is room A.)

Once the settings are complete, switch the power on.

Be sure to only set one room



Night Quiet Mode setting

• If Night Quiet Mode is to be used, initial settings must be made when the unit is installed. Explain Night Quiet Mode, as described below, to the customer, and confirm whether or not the customer wants to use Night Quiet Mode.

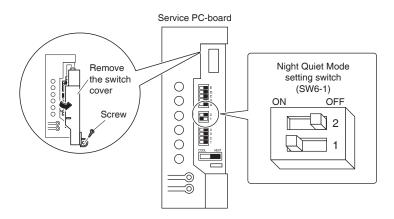
About Night Quiet Mode

The Night Quiet Mode function reduces operating noise of the outdoor unit at nighttime. This function is useful if the customer is worried about the effects of the operating noise on the neighbors.

However, if Night Quiet Mode is running, cooling capacity will be saved.

Setting procedure

Turn the Night Quiet Mode switch (SW6-1) to on.



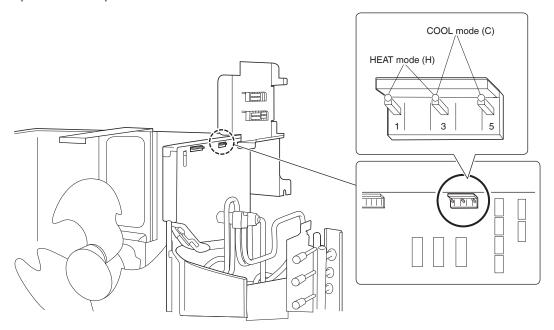
COOL/ HEAT mode lock <S15>

Use the S15 connector to set the unit to only cool or heat.
 Setting to only heat (H): short-circuit pins 1 and 3 of the connector <S15>
 Setting to only cool (C): short-circuit pins 3 and 5 of the connector <S15>
 The following specifications apply to the connector housing and pins.

JST products Housing: VHR-5N

Pin: SVH-21T-1.1

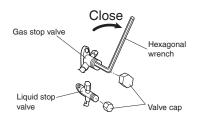
Note that forced operation is also possible in COOL/HEAT mode.



Pump Down Operation

In order to protect the environment, be sure to pump down when relocating or disposing of the unit.

- 1) Remove the valve cap from liquid stop valve and gas stop valve.
- 2) Carry out forced cooling operation.
- After 5 to 10 minutes, close the liquid stop valve with a hexagonal wrench.
- 4) After 2 to 3 minutes, close the gas stop valve and stop forced cooling operation.



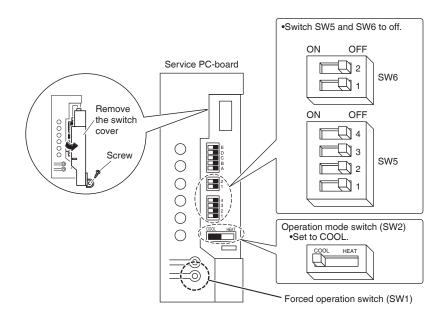
Forced cooling operation

- 1) Switch off the power.
- 2) Remove the Service lid (2 screws).
- 3) Remove the service PC-board switch cover (1 screw).
- 4) Switch SW5 and SW6 to off.
- 5) Turn the operation mode switch (SW2) to COOL.
- 6) Screw the service PC-board switch cover back on (1 screw).
- 7) Switch the power on.
- 8) Push the forced operation switch (SW1) above the service PC-board cover.
 - ◆Start forced cooling operation.

To stop forced operation, push the forced operation switch (SW1) again.



Do not remove the switch cover unless the power has been turned off. (Risk of electric shock)



Trial Operation and Testing

- Before starting the test run, measure the voltage at the primary side of the circuit breaker.
- Check that all liquid and gas stop valves are fully open.
- Check that piping and wiring all match. The wiring error check can be conveniently used for underground wiring and other wiring that cannot be directly checked.

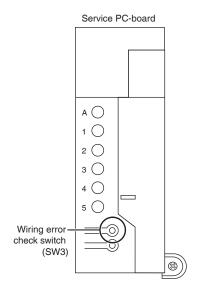
1. Wiring error check

This product is capable of automatic correction of wiring error.

Press the wiring error check switch on the outdoor unit service PC-board. However, the wiring error check switch will not function for 3 minutes after the safety breaker is turned on, or depending on the outside air conditions (See Note 2.). About 15-20 minutes after the switch is pressed, the errors in the connection wiring will be corrected.

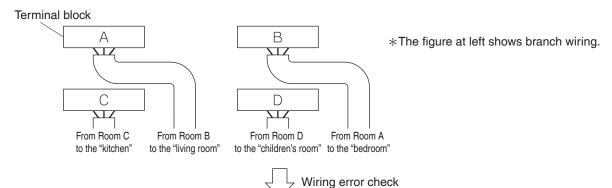
The service monitor LEDs indicate whether or not correction is possible, as shown in the table below. For details about how to read the LED display, refer to the service manual.

If self-correction is not possible, check the indoor unit wiring and piping in the usual manner.



LED	1	2	3	4	Message			
		All F	lashing		Automatic correction impossible			
Status	Flash	ning One	after and	other	Automatic correction completed			
	☆ (On	e or more o	f LEDs 1 to	4 are ON)	Abnormal stop [Note. 4]			

Wiring correct example



LED lighting sequence after a wiring correction.

Order of LED flashing: $2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$

NOTE

- 1) For two rooms, LED 3,4 and 5 are not displayed, and for three rooms, LED 4 and 5 is not displayed, and for four rooms, LED 5 is not displayed.
- 2) If the outside air temperature is 41°F (5°C) or less , the wiring error check function will not operate.
- 3) After wiring error check operation is completed, LED indication will continue until ordinary operation starts. This is normal.
- 4) Follow the product diagnosis procedures. (Details of product error diagnosis are listed on the back of the right side plate

2. Trial operation and testing

- To test cooling, set for the lowest temperature. To test heating, set for the highest temperature. (Depending on the room temperature, only heating or cooling (but not both) may be possible.)
- · After the unit is stopped, it will not start again (heating or cooling) for about 3 minutes.
- During the test run, first check the operation of each unit individually. Then also check the simultaneous operation of all indoor units. Check both heating and cooling operation.
- After running the unit for about 20 minutes, measure the temperatures at the indoor unit inlet and outlet. If the measurements are above the values shown in the table below, then they are normal.

	Cooling	Heating
Temperature difference between inlet and outlet	About 14°F (8°C)	About 36°F (20°C)

(When running in one room)

- During cooling operation, frost may form on the gas stop valve or other parts. This is normal.
- Operate the indoor units in accordance with the included operation manual. Check that they operate normally.

3. Test items

Test item	Consequences of trouble	Check
Are the indoor units installed securely?	Fall, vibration, noise	
Has an inspection been made to check for gas leakage?	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Has complete thermal insulation been done (gas pipes, liquid pipes, indoor portions of the drain hose extension)?	Water leakage	
Is the drainage secure?	Water leakage	
Are the ground wire connections secure?	Electrical leakage	
Are the electric wires connected correctly?	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Is the wiring in accordance with the specifications?	No operation or burn damage	
Are the inlets/outlets of the indoor and outdoor units free of any obstructions?	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Are the stop valves open?	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Do the marks match (room A, room B, room C, room D) on the wiring and piping for each indoor unit?	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Is the priority room setting set for 2 or more rooms?	The priority room setting will not function.	

ATTENTION -

- Have the customer actually operate the unit while looking at the manual included with the indoor unit. Instruct the customer how to operate the unit correctly (particularly cleaning of the air filters, operation procedures, and temperature adjustment).
- Even when the air conditioner is not operating, it consumes some electric power. If the customer is not going to use the unit soon after it is installed, turn off the circuit breaker to avoid wasting electricity.
- If additional refrigerant has been charged because of long piping, list the amount added on the nameplate on the reverse side of the stop valve cover.





DAIKIN NORTH AMERICA LLC